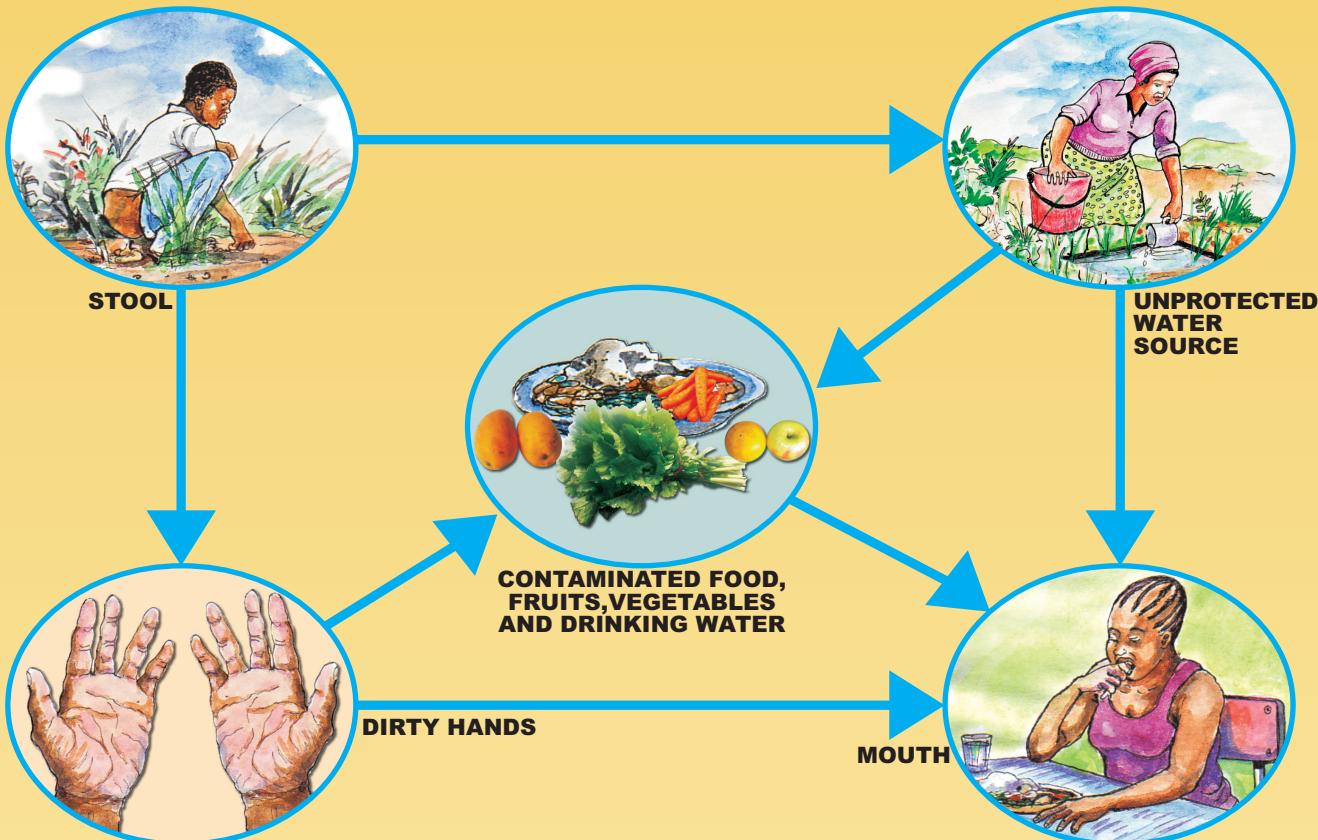


# CHOLERA ALERT!

Cholera is a diarrhoeal disease caused by a germ called *vibrio cholerae*. It is characterised by severe watery diarrhoea and vomiting.

## HOW CHOLERA IS SPREAD:



## HOW CHOLERA IS PREVENTED:

- By washing your hands thoroughly with soap or ash after taking care of a person suffering from cholera, after using the toilet and before handling, preparing and eating food.
- By only drinking water from safe sources i.e tap, borehole or protected well or spring.
- By disinfecting all water through either boiling or use of water purifying tablets or solutions.
- By cooking food thoroughly and eating it whilst hot.
- By storing all water in clean containers and keeping them covered.
- By washing fruits and vegetables under safe running water before eating them.
- By always using a recommended toilet and keeping it clean.
- By disposing of all refuse in a properly constructed refuse pit.
- By avoiding shaking hands at public gatherings, particularly funerals, during a cholera outbreak.

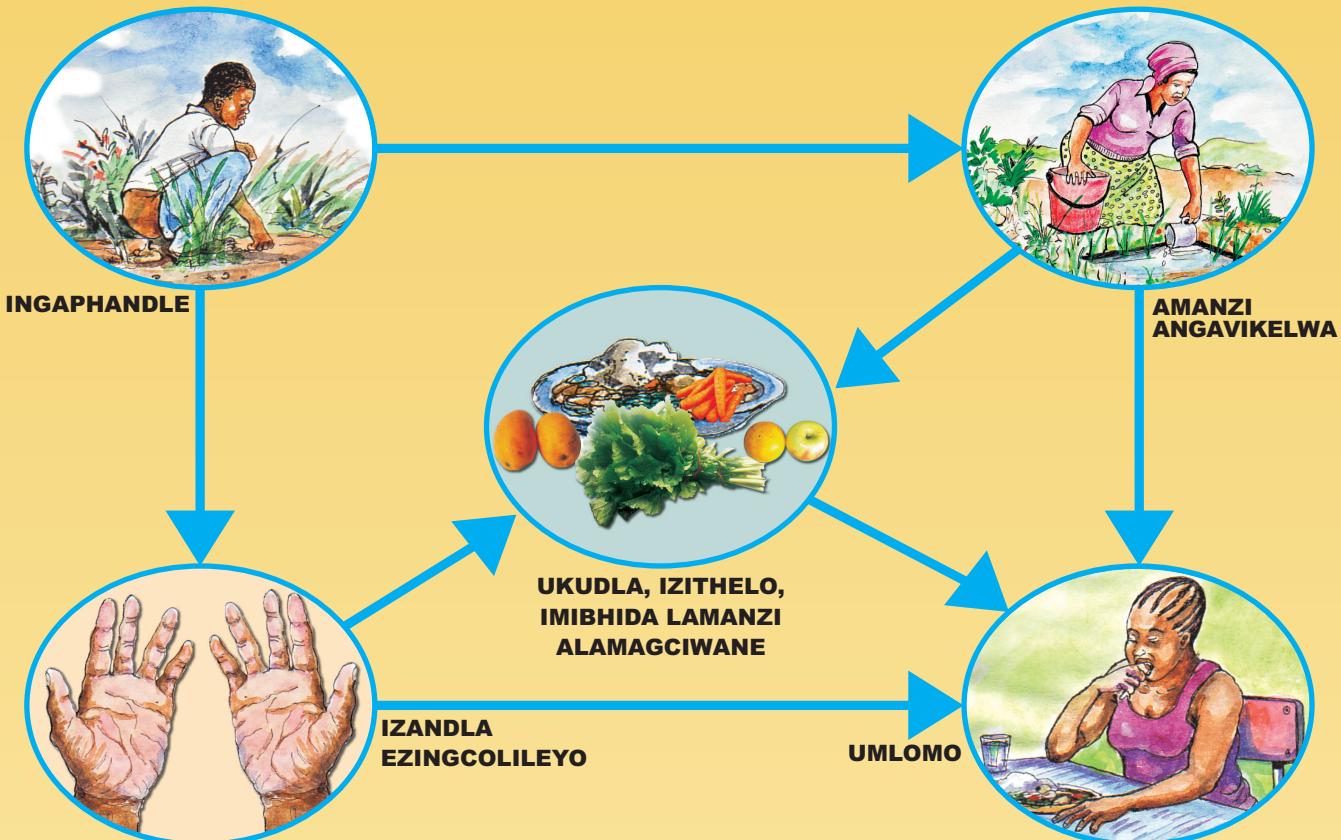
If you suspect Cholera in your area advise health workers at your nearest health facility immediately.

**LET'S WORK TOGETHER IN PREVENTING CHOLERA!**

# ISIXWAYISO NGOMKHULANE WECHOLERA!

ICholera ngumkhuhlane wesihudo ohlasela abantu abaleminyaka engaphezu kwemihlanu. Isihudo lesi singamanzi kakhulu njalo sizangamandla.

## UKUMEMETHEKA KWECHOLERA:



## UKUVIKELWA KWESIHUDO SECHOLERA:

- Geza izandla ngesepa loba umlotha usebenzisa amanzi okuthelewana ngemva kokonga ogulayo, ukusebenzisa isambuzi, ungakabambi ukudla, ukupheka loba ukudla.
- Natha amanzi ahlanzekiyelo ngesikhathi sonke avela empompini, isibhorane loba emthonjeni ovikelweyo.
- Ngokubilisa kumbe ukusebenzisa amapilisi afakwa emanzini, ukuze wonke amanzi asetshenziswayo ahiale ehlanzekile.
- Pheka ukudla kuvuthwe ukudle kusatshisa.
- Gcina amanzi enkonxeni ezhlanzekileyo zihlale zivaliwe.
- Gezisa izithelo lemibhida ngamanzi ahlanzekileyo awokuthelewana.
- Sebenzisa isambuzi ngezikhathi zonke usigcine sihlanzekile.
- Lahlela izibi zonke egodini lezibi.
- Ngokuvikela ukuxhawulana lapha okulemihlangano yabantu, ikakhuku ezililweni, nxa ku lokudabuka kwe Cholera.

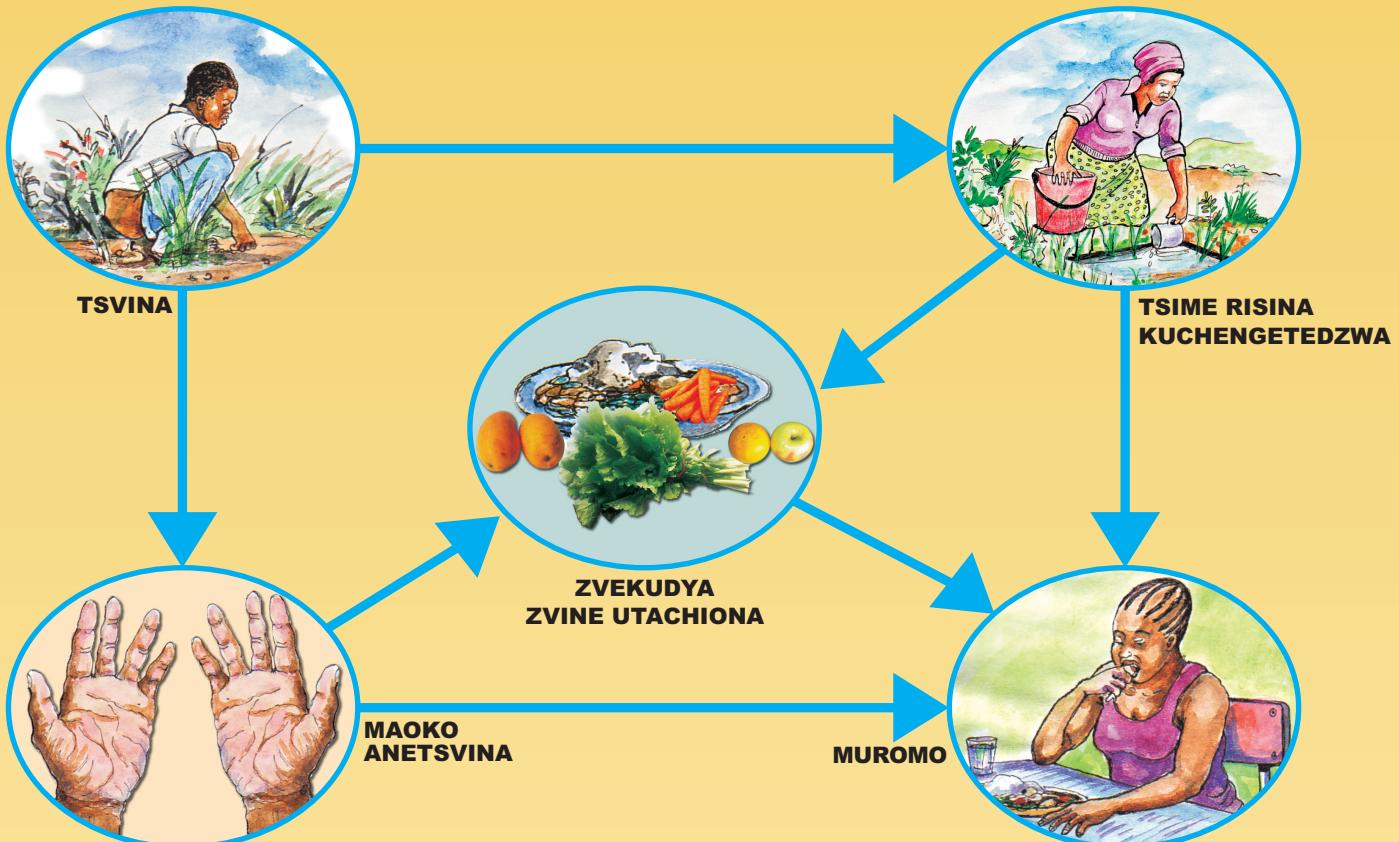
**Uma ucabangela ukuthi kulesihudo seCholera  
yazisa abazempilakahle abaseduze lawe ngokophangisa.**

**ASISEBENZENI NDAWONYE EKUVIKELENI ISIHUDO SECHOLERA!**

# CHENJERERA KORERA!

Korera chirwere chemanyoka chinokonzerwa nehutachiona hunonzi *vibrio cholerae*.  
Chirwere ichi chinoonekwa nekuita tsvina yakaita mvura-mvura.

## MAPARARIRE ANOITA KORERA:



## ZVATINGAITE KUDZIVIRIRA KORERA:

- Gezai maoko muchiita zvokuchururudza kana mapedza kubatsira murwere, kana mabva kuchimbuzi uye musati mabata zvekudy.
- Kunwa mvura inobva muzvibhorani kana matsime akachengedza.
- Inwai mvura yakachenetedzeka, yavidzwa kana yakaiswa mushonga.
- Bikai zvekudy zvoibva zvakanaka modya zvichiri kupisa.
- Chengetedzai mvura mumatinu akachena uye anemuvharo.
- Gezai michero nemiriwo muchiita zvokuchururudza muchishandisa mvura yakachena. (*Safe water*).
- Munhu wese ngaashandise chimbuzi zvakanaka uye chichenetedzwe chakachena.
- Rasirai marara ose mugomba remarara. (*Recommended refuse pit*).
- Regedzai kukwazisana kana kubatana maoko pandufu dzeKorera kana munzvimbo ineKorera.

**Kana muchifungidzira Korera munzvimbo  
yamugere zivisai vezveutano varipedyo nemi nokuchimbidza.**

**NGATISHANDEI PAMWE CHETE KUDZIVIRIRA KORERA!**